SANTA ROSA COUNTY, FLORIDA FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Santa Rosa County, Florida's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of September 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 26, 2013 on our consideration of Santa Rosa County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, the budgetary comparison schedules on pages 55 and 56, and the schedule of funding progress on page 57 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Warren averett, LLC

March 26, 2013 Pensacola, Florida

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's discussion and analysis provides an objective and easily readable analysis of Santa Rosa County's (County) financial activities. The analysis provides summary financial information for the County and should be read in conjunction with the County's financial statements.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's basic financial statements comprise three components; 1) *Government-wide financial statements*, 2) *Fund financial statements*, and 3) *Notes to the financial statements*. The *Government-wide financial statements* present an overall picture of the County's financial position and results of operations. The *Fund financial statements* present financial information for the County's major funds and non-major funds in the aggregate. The *Notes to the financial statements* provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

The *Government-wide financial statements* are the **statement of net assets** and the **statement of activities**. These statements use accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Emphasis is placed on the net assets of governmental activities and business-type activities and the change in net assets. Governmental Activities are primarily supported by property taxes, sales taxes, federal and state grants, and state shared revenues. Business-type Activities are supported by charges to the users of those activities, such as water and sewer service charges.

The **statement of net assets** presents information on all assets and liabilities of the County, with the difference between assets and liabilities reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt, 2) restricted, and 3) unrestricted. Assets, liabilities, and net assets are reported for all Governmental Activities separate from the assets, liabilities and net assets of Business-type Activities.

The **statement of activities** presents information on all revenues and expenses of the County and the change in net assets. Expenses are reported by major function and program revenues relating to those functions are reported, providing the net cost of all functions provided by the County. To assist in understanding the County's operations, expenses have been reported as governmental activities or business-type activities. Governmental Activities financed by the County include public safety, physical environment, transportation, economic environment, human services, culture and recreation, and general government services. Business-type Activities financed by user charges include water and sewer services, solid waste disposal, and hangar leases.

Fund financial statements present financial information for governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements provide financial information for the major funds of the County. Governmental fund financial statements provide information on the current assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in current financial resources (revenues and expenditures), and current available resources. The proprietary funds financial statements provide information on all assets and liabilities of the funds, changes in the economic resources (revenues and expension), and current available resources.

Fund financial statements include a **balance sheet** and a **statement of revenues**, **expenditures**, **and changes in fund balances** for all governmental funds. A **statement of revenues**, **expenditures**, **and changes in fund balances - budget and actual**, is provided for the County's General Fund and major governmental funds as required supplemental information. For the proprietary funds, which include an internal service fund in addition to business-type activities, a **statement of net assets**; a **statement of revenues**, **expenses**, **and changes in fund net assets**; and a **statement of cash flows** are presented. *Fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the County's activities. Individual funds are established by the County to track revenues that are restricted to certain uses, comply with legal requirements, or account for the use of state and federal grants.

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements provide different pictures of the County. The government-wide financial statements provide an overall picture of the County's financial standing, split between Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities. These statements are comparable to private-sector companies and give a good understanding of the County's overall financial health and how the County paid for the various activities, or functions, provided by the County. All assets of the County, including buildings, tangible property, land, roads, bridges, and similar infrastructure are reported in the statement of net assets. All liabilities, including principal outstanding on bonds, capital leases, and future employee benefits obligated but not paid by the County, are included. The statement of activities includes depreciation on all long lived assets of the County. The fund financial statements provide a picture of the major funds of the County and a column for all non-major funds. In the case of governmental activities, outlays for long lived assets are reported as expenditures and long-term liabilities are not included in the fund financial statements. Reconciliations are provided from the *fund financial statements* to the government-wide financial statements to facilitate a comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Notes to the financial statements provide additional detail concerning the financial activities and financial balances of the County. Additional information about the accounting practices of the County, investments of the County, long-term debt, and pension plans are some of the items included in the notes to the financial statements.

ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL POSITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$203 million as of September 30, 2012.

The largest portion of the County's net assets (70%) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, improvements, construction in progress and infrastructure), less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net assets for the County as a whole, as well as for its governmental and business-type activities.

There was an increase in net assets from governmental activities of \$2.2 million. This consisted of an increase of \$1.9 million to invested in capital assets net of related debt, a decrease of \$1.5 million to restricted net assets and an increase of \$1.8 million to unrestricted net assets. The primary reasons for these relatively small net changes was the decrease in both revenues and expenditures due to the downturn in the economy and the zero growth/decrease in property tax revenues mandated by the state legislature.

There was an increase in net assets from business-type activities of \$2.8 million. This consisted of an increase of \$62,000 to net assets invested in capital assets net of related debt, an increase of \$131,000 in restricted net assets and an increase of \$2.6 million to unrestricted net assets. The primary reason for the increase to unrestricted net assets was the recalculation of the landfill closure and long-term care costs during the repermitting process of one of the landfills.

	Governmental Activities		Busines Activ	51	Total			
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Current and other assets	\$ 78,925	\$ 77,207	\$ 13,739	\$ 11,968	\$ 92,664	\$ 89,175		
Capital assets	138,550	142,013	15,779	16,362	154,329	158,375		
Total assets	217,475	219,220	29,518	28,330	246,993	247,550		
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	22,974	27,519	14,115	15,840	37,089	43,359		
Other liabilities	6,758	6,156	420	281	7,178	6,437		
Total liabilities	29,732	33,675	14,535	16,121	44,267	49,796		
Net Assets: Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	131,088	129,188	10,412	10,350	141,500	139,538		
Restricted	32,383	33,880	4,060	3,929	36,443	37,809		
Unrestricted	24,272	22,477	511	(2,070)	24,783	20,407		
Total net assets	\$ 187,743	\$ 185,545	\$ 14,983	\$ 12,209	\$ 202,726	\$ 197,754		

Following is a comparative statement of net assets (amounts expressed in thousands):

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing financing requirements. Unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$66.8 million (33% is unassigned). This is a \$1.3 million decrease from the previous year. The bulk of the decrease was from reduced tax revenues due to state mandated property tax rate reductions and the depressed economy.

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	То	tal
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011
Revenues:						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 28,914	\$ 28,344	\$ 5,980	\$ 6,015	\$ 34,894	\$ 34,359
Operating grants & contributions	8,834	8,472	-	-	8,834	8,472
Capital grants & contributions	5,163	1,776	681	424	5,844	2,200
General revenues						
Property tax	44,210	44,678	-	-	44,210	44,678
Sales, use and fuel tax	4,966	4,688	-	-	4,966	4,688
Communications services	1,462	1,485	-	-	1,462	1,485
Grants and contributions	12,523	15,243	-	-	12,523	15,243
Investment earnings	432	293	112	51	544	344
Other	660	783	307	709	967	1,492
Total revenues	107,164	105,762	7,080	7,199	114,244	112,961
Expenses:						
General government	32,570	30,666	-	-	32,570	30,666
Public safety	38,621	41,859	-	-	38,621	41,859
Physical environment	4,858	4,523	-	-	4,858	4,523
Transportation	17,262	17,598	-	-	17,262	17,598
Economic environment	2,512	3,672	-	-	2,512	3,672
Human services	5,356	4,396	-	-	5,356	4,396
Culture and recreation	2,838	4,234	-	-	2,838	4,234
Interest on long term debt	311	452	-	-	311	452
Water and sewer	-	-	1,791	2,376	1,791	2,376
Airport	-	-	532	377	532	377
Landfill			2,621	4,200	2,621	4,200
Total expenses	104,328	107,400	4,944	6,953	109,272	114,353
Increase in net assets before transfers	2,836	(1,638)	2,136	246	4,972	(1,392)
Transfers	(638)	-	638	-	-	-
Change in net assets	2,198	(1,638)	2,774	246	4,972	(1,392)
Net assets, beg. of year	185,545	187,243	12,209	11,963	197,754	199,206
Prior period adjustments		(60)		-		(60)
Net assets, beg. of year (restated)	185,545	187,183	12,209	11,963	197,754	199,146
Net assets, end of year	\$ 187,743	\$ 185,545	\$ 14,983	\$ 12,209	\$ 202,726	\$ 197,754

Following is a comparative statement of changes in net assets (amounts expressed in thousands):

The General fund is the primary operating fund of the County. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$4.9 million. Expenditures were up by \$1.8 million (2.7%) from the prior year, mostly in general government and human services. Public safety expenditures were down from last year. With the recession and State mandated tax cuts the County has been aggressive in reducing expenditures yet costs continue to rise.

The Road and Bridge fund accounts for fuel and other taxes designated for road improvements. During the year fund balance increased by \$595,000. Transfers in from other funds of \$6.9 million offset an operating loss from road construction and flood mitigation projects.

Financial Analysis of Proprietary Funds

The Navarre Beach fund accounts for the operations of the Navarre Beach water and sewer system. Revenues were down from prior year due to the economic downturn and expenses were unchanged. There was a moderate operating loss of \$75,000. Interest on the debt and a capital contribution from federal and state grants led to a net increase of \$242,000

The Landfill fund is used to account for the solid waste disposal operations at the County landfills. Operating revenues are consistent with prior year. Expenses were down mostly due to a significant decrease in landfill closure costs due to a recalculation of landfill closure and long-term care costs during the re-permitting process of one of the landfills. Operating income was \$1.5 million and the sales of recycled materials ended the year with a net increase of \$1.8 million.

Budgetary Analysis

The General fund budget was increased by \$6.2 million from the original budget (an increase of 9.6%). Several departments had increases: Other BOCC Obligations, \$2.3 million for SR1 Restoration; Transfers, \$6.3 million to pay off the Jail loan and future capital projects.; Health Related Functions, \$1.5 million for funding Medicaid services.

Actual expenditures were less than the final budgeted expenditures by \$3.9 million. The reason for this variance is that the County did not spend 1) \$915,000 on Other BOCC Obligations, 2) \$432,000 for juvenile circuit court 3) \$271,000 on BOCC Data Processing and 4) \$200,000 on the Library.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

As of September 30, 2012 the County had \$154 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, park facilities, roads and other infrastructure. (See table below.) This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, discoveries and deductions) of \$4 million from last year.

	Governmental			Business-type								
		Acti	vitie	s		Activities			Totals			
		2012		2011	2012		2011		2012			2011
Land	\$	21,897	\$	21,357	\$	1,191	\$	1,191	\$	23,088	\$	22,548
Construction in progress		6,952		5,829		265		511		7,217		6,340
Buildings		26,157		28,681		1,369		1,503		27,526		30,184
Improvements other than buildings		72,362		74,766		10,896		11,215		83,258		85,981
Machinery, furniture and equip.		11,182		11,381		2,058		1,942		13,240		13,323
Totals	\$	138,550	\$	142,014	\$	15,779	\$	16,362	\$	154,329	\$	158,376

Capital Assets at Year-end (Net of Depreciation, in Thousands)

This year's major additions included:

Pace Community Center (CIP)	\$ 813,627
Sheriff's Equipment	\$ 757,986
Trash Compactor for Landfill	\$ 449,934
Land purchased for flood mitigation	\$ 441,776
Excavator for road crew	\$ 163,890
Loader for road crew	\$ 160,675
Taxiway Expansion at Peter Prince Airport (CIP)	\$ 152,751

Outstanding Debt at Year-end

(in Thousands)

	 Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				Totals			
	 2012		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Revenue bonds	\$ 1,128	\$	1,398	\$	1,128	\$	1,398	\$	2,256	\$	2,796
Notes payable	1,169		4,874		4,324		4,720		5,493		9,594
Special assessment notes	 5,166		6,554		-		-		5,166		6,554
Totals	\$ 7,463	\$	12,826	\$	5,452	\$	6,118	\$	12,915	\$	18,944

A special assessment note payable to finance the capital improvements in the Skiwatch Estates MSBU was issued. The Jail Improvement note payable was paid off ahead of schedule. More detailed information about the County's capital assets and long term liabilities is presented in Notes F & G to the financial statements, respectively.

OTHER CURRENTLY KNOWN FACTS, DECISIONS OR CONDITIONS

In July 2012 President Obama signed the Resources and Ecosystems Sustainability, Tourist Opportunities and Revived Economies of the Gulf Coast States (RESTORE) Act which dedicates 80 percent of all Clean Water Act penalties paid by those responsible for the 2010 Deep Water Horizon BP Oil Spill to Gulf Coast restoration. Without the act, the funds would have gone into the U.S. Treasury. Estimates of the total penalties range from \$5 to \$20 billion.

The Gulf Consortium was established as a result of the RESTORE Act, made up of 23 counties impacted by the spill, to determine and oversee the distribution of the State's allocation. The Gulf Consortium is responsible for developing a plan for accepting and processing project proposals for the state portion of the RESTORE Act funds. Santa Rosa County is a member of the Gulf Consortium as one of the eight Disproportionally Impacted counties which, as a whole, are allocated 80 percent of the State's allocation.

The Santa Rosa County Local RESTORE Council, made up of 11 local representatives, are tasked with creating a framework and reviewing projects to determine eligibility of the County's direct RESTORE funding.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSEIS

September 30, 2012

	Governmental	Business-type	
ASSET S	Activities	Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 65,647,238	\$ 8,819,243	\$ 74,466,481
Investments	6,927,236	4,061,168	10,988,404
Receivables, net	6,031,173	845,053	6,876,226
Inventory	300,732		300,732
Deferred charges	17,530	13,903	31,433
Capital assets, net			
Nondepreciable	28,848,747	1,456,354	30,305,101
Depreciable	109,701,750	14,322,450	124,024,200
Total assets	217,474,406	29,518,171	246,992,577
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	3,344,852	261,204	3,606,056
Contracts payable	358,485	15,275	373,760
Accrued wages payable	1,914,202	99,816	2,014,018
Interest payable	27,519	2,740	30,259
Due to other governments	536,835	1,224	538,059
Deposits	264,782	39,828	304,610
Unearned revenue	310,961		310,961
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	7,124,458	1,003,312	8,127,770
Due in more than one year	15,849,602	13,111,408	28,961,010
Total liabilities	29,731,696	14,534,807	44,266,503
			Continued

Continued...

STATEMENT OF NET ASSEIS (Continued)

September 30, 2012

NET ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	131,087,734	10,411,539	141,499,273
Restricted for:			
Nonexpendable:			
Inventory	300,732		300,732
Advance to other fund	260,000		260,000
Expendable:			
Landfill closure		4,061,168	4,061,168
Communications	1,016,885		1,016,885
Boating improvement	300,787		300,787
Domestic violence	114,935		114,935
Voter education	17,532		17,532
Pollworker recruitment	1,887		1,887
Federal elections	12,328		12,328
Partners for pets	6,157		6,157
Navarre Beach Bridge maintenance	3,671,371		3,671,371
Law Enforcement Trust Fund	64,961		64,961
Crime prevention	277,554		277,554
Mosquito control	38,218		38,218
Federal and state grants	622,300		622,300
Enhanced 911 system	1,347,106		1,347,106
Transportation, recreation			
and economic development	3,098,133		3,098,133
Tourist development	2,434,477		2,434,477
Infrastructure development	3,475,704		3,475,704
State Housing Improvement Program	302,283		302,283
Fire prevention and control	897,200		897,200
Road and sewer construction	705,331		705,331
Canal maintance	115,783		115,783
Street lighting	69,392		69,392
State court operations	50,822		50,822
Court equipment and technology	797,496		797,496
Records modernization trust fund	202,510		202,510
Law enforcement training	27,525		27,525
Inmate welfare purchases	730,686		730,686
Gas and oil preservation	3,551,667		3,551,667
Capital construction projects	7,871,041		7,871,041
Unrestricted	24,272,173	510,657	24,782,830
Total net assets	\$ 187,742,710	\$ 14,983,364	\$ 202,726,074

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year ended September 30, 2012

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets				
			Operating	Capital		Business-			
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type			
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total		
Governmental activities:									
General government	\$ 32,570,186	\$ 18,081,960	\$ 3,605,434	\$ 527,226	\$ (10,355,566)		\$ (10,355,566)		
Public safety	38,621,376	4,370,643	737,241	1,887,221	(31,626,271)		(31,626,271)		
Physical environment	4,858,171	5,782,002	15,000	1,161,744	2,100,575		2,100,575		
Transportation	17,262,229	261,684	1,397,539	1,586,762	(14,016,244)		(14,016,244)		
Economic environment	2,512,105		2,754,679		242,574		242,574		
Human services	5,355,802	36,603	54,487		(5,264,712)		(5,264,712)		
Culture and recreation	2,837,640	380,985	269,569		(2,187,086)		(2,187,086)		
Interest on long-term debt	310,886				(310,886)		(310,886)		
Total governmental activities	104,328,395	28,913,877	8,833,949	5,162,953	(61,417,616)		(61,417,616)		
Business-type activities:									
Navarre Beach water and sewer	1,790,622	1,690,378		334,033		\$ 233,789	233,789		
Peter Prince Airport	531,658	231,914		346,938		47,194	47,194		
Landfill	2,621,080	4,057,528				1,436,448	1,436,448		
Total business-type activities	4,943,360	5,979,820		680,971		1,717,431	1,717,431		
Total	109,271,755	34,893,697	8,833,949	5,843,924	(61,417,616)	1,717,431	(59,700,185)		
	General revenues								
	Taxes								
	Property taxe	s			44,209,879		44,209,879		
	Sales, use and	fuel taxes			4,965,861		4,965,861		
	Communicatio	on services taxes			1,461,621		1,461,621		
	Grants and cont	ributions not restric	ted to specific progra	ims	12,523,404		12,523,404		
	Unrestricted inv	vestment earnings			431,939	112,147	544,086		

Miscellaneous

Transfers

Gain on sale of assets

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

Total general revenues and transfers

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-16-

341

306,836

637,906

1,057,230

2,774,661

12,208,703

\$ 14,983,364

595,497

372,432

64,672,780

4,972,595

197,753,479

\$ 202,726,074

595,156

65,596

(637,906)

63,615,550

2,197,934

185,544,776

\$ 187,742,710

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

September 30, 2012

Road and Governmental Governmental Governmental Governmental Governmental ASSETS General Bridge Funds Funds Funds Cash and cash equivalents \$ 21,586,220 \$ 15,204,176 \$ 23,059,136 \$ 59,849,532 Investments $6,306,473$ $6,306,473$ Accounts 351,330 290 $1,050,755$ $1,402,375$ Interest $3,149$ $1,357$ $5,349$ $9,855$ Due from other governments $2,169,139$ $866,494$ $1,547,690$ $4,583,323$ Due from other funds $10,000$ $250,000$ - $260,000$ Inventory 125,386 $175,346$ - $300,732$ Total assets \$ $31,438,813$ \$ $16,497,663$ \$ $25,712,182$ \$ $73,648,658$ LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ $1,268,849$ \$ $658,388$ \$ $308,368$ \$ $2,235,605$ Contracts payable $1,541,601$ $249,958$ $110,495$ $1902,054$ Deposits <						Other		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 21,586,220 \$ 15,204,176 \$ 23,059,136 \$ 59,849,532 Investments 6,306,473 6,306,473 Receivables, net of uncollectibles 351,330 290 1,050,755 1,402,375 Interest 3,149 1,357 5,349 9,855 Due from other governments 2,169,139 866,494 1,547,690 4,583,323 Due from other funds 887,116 49,252 936,368 Advances to other funds 10,000 250,000 260,000 Inventory 125,386 175,346 300,732 Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 LLABILITIES Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 - 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 936,368 2,80,000 260,000				Road and	G	overnmental			
Investments 6,306,473 - 6,306,473 Receivables, net of uncollectibles 351,330 290 1,050,755 1,402,375 Interest 3,149 1,357 5,349 9,855 Due from other governments 2,169,139 866,494 1,547,690 4,583,323 Due from other governments 2,169,139 866,494 1,547,690 4,583,323 Due from other funds 10,000 250,000 - 260,000 Inventory 125,386 175,346 300,732 Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 LIABILITIES 260,000 Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable \$ 1,44,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accue wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearoed revenue	ASSETS	General		 Bridge		Funds		Funds	
Receivables, net of uncollectibles 351,330 290 1,050,755 1,402,375 Interest 3,149 1,357 5,349 9,855 Due from other governments 2,169,139 886,494 1,547,690 4,583,323 Due from other funds 887,116 49,252 936,368 Advances to other funds 10,000 250,000 260,000 Inventory 125,386 175,344 300,732 Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 Contracts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to ot	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	21,586,220	\$ 15,204,176	\$	23,059,136	\$	59,849,532	
Accounts 351,330 290 1.050,755 1.402,375 Interest 3,149 1,357 5,349 9,855 Due from other governments 2,169,139 866,494 1,547,690 4,583,323 Due from other funds 887,116 49,252 936,368 Advances to other funds 10,000 250,000 260,000 Inventory 125,386 175,346 300,732 Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 LIABILITIES 300,732 \$ 73,648,658 Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652	Investments		6,306,473					6,306,473	
Interest 3,149 1,357 5,349 9,855 Due from other governments 2,169,139 866,494 1,547,690 4,583,323 Due from other funds 887,116 49,252 936,368 Advances to other funds 10,000 250,000 260,000 Inventory 125,386 175,346 300,732 Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 1,44,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 926,700 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 <td< td=""><td>Receivables, net of uncollectibles</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>	Receivables, net of uncollectibles								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Accounts		351,330	290		1,050,755		1,402,375	
Due from other funds $887,116$ $49,252$ $936,368$ Advances to other funds $10,000$ $250,000$ $260,000$ Inventory $125,386$ $175,346$ $300,732$ Total assets\$ $31,438,813$ \$ $16,497,663$ \$ $25,712,182$ \$ $73,648,658$ LIABILITIESAccounts payable\$ $1,268,849$ \$ $658,388$ \$ $308,368$ \$ $2,235,605$ Contracts payable\$ $1,268,849$ \$ $658,388$ \$ $308,368$ \$ $2,235,605$ Contracts payable $1,541,601$ $249,958$ $110,495$ $1,902,054$ Deposits $264,782$ $264,782$ Uncarned revenue $231,383$ $79,578$ $310,961$ Due to other funds $11,652$ $924,716$ $936,368$ Due to other governments $458,303$ $78,532$ $536,835$ Advance payable to other fundsTotal liabilities $3,921,343$ $1,044,509$ $1,839,238$ $6,805,090$ Fund balancesNonspendable $135,386$ $425,346$ $560,732$ Restricted $1,407,140$ $3,734,742$ $12,159,348$ $17,301,230$ Committed $3,596,898$ $11,188,029$ $14,784,927$ Assigned $190,222$ $11,293,066$ $699,000$ $12,182,288$ Unsigned $22,187,824$ <td< td=""><td>Interest</td><td></td><td>3,149</td><td>1,357</td><td></td><td>5,349</td><td></td><td>9,855</td></td<>	Interest		3,149	1,357		5,349		9,855	
Advances to other funds 10,000 250,000 260,000 Inventory 125,386 175,346 300,732 Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES 560,732 8,805,090 12,182,288 Nonspendable 1,3596,898 11,188,029	Due from other governments		2,169,139	866,494		1,547,690		4,583,323	
Inventory Total assets 125,386 \$ 31,438,813 175,346 \$ 16,497,663 300,732 \$ 25,712,182 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance pay able to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES 560,732 560,732 7,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000	Due from other funds		887,116			49,252		936,368	
Total assets \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658 LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES 560,732 560,732 8 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433)<	Advances to other funds		10,000	250,000				260,000	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 Fund balances Nonspendable 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 <td< td=""><td>Inventory</td><td></td><td>125,386</td><td> 175,346</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>300,732</td></td<>	Inventory		125,386	 175,346				300,732	
Accounts payable \$ 1,268,849 \$ 658,388 \$ 308,368 \$ 2,235,605 Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 Fund balances Nonspendable 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,0	Total assets	\$	31,438,813	\$ 16,497,663	\$	25,712,182	\$	73,648,658	
Contracts payable 144,773 136,163 77,549 358,485 Accrued wages payable 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 Fund balances Nonspendable 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 6	LIABILITIES								
Accrued wages pay able 1,541,601 249,958 110,495 1,902,054 Deposits 264,782 264,782 Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance pay able to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 Fund balances Nonspendable 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Accounts payable	\$	1,268,849	\$ 658,388	\$	308,368	\$	2,235,605	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Contracts payable		144,773	136,163		77,549		358,485	
Unearned revenue 231,383 79,578 310,961 Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance payable to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES 560,732 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Accrued wages payable		1,541,601	249,958		110,495		1,902,054	
Due to other funds 11,652 924,716 936,368 Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance pay able to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES Fund balances 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Deposits		264,782					264,782	
Due to other governments 458,303 78,532 536,835 Advance pay able to other funds 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES Fund balances 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Unearned revenue		231,383			79,578		310,961	
Advance payable to other funds Total liabilities 260,000 260,000 Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES Fund balances 560,732 Nonspendable 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Due to other funds		11,652			924,716		936,368	
Total liabilities 3,921,343 1,044,509 1,839,238 6,805,090 FUND BALANCES Fund balances 560,732 Fund balances 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Due to other governments		458,303			78,532		536,835	
FUND BALANCES Fund balances Nonspendable 135,386 425,346 560,732 Restricted 1,407,140 3,734,742 12,159,348 17,301,230 Committed 3,596,898 11,188,029 14,784,927 Assigned 190,222 11,293,066 699,000 12,182,288 Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Advance payable to other funds			 		260,000		260,000	
Fund balancesNonspendable135,386425,346560,732Restricted1,407,1403,734,74212,159,34817,301,230Committed3,596,89811,188,02914,784,927Assigned190,22211,293,066699,00012,182,288Unassigned22,187,824(173,433)22,014,391Total fund balances27,517,47015,453,15423,872,94466,843,568	Total liabilities		3,921,343	 1,044,509		1,839,238		6,805,090	
Nonspendable135,386425,346560,732Restricted1,407,1403,734,74212,159,34817,301,230Committed3,596,89811,188,02914,784,927Assigned190,22211,293,066699,00012,182,288Unassigned22,187,824(173,433)22,014,391Total fund balances27,517,47015,453,15423,872,94466,843,568	FUND BALANCES								
Restricted1,407,1403,734,74212,159,34817,301,230Committed3,596,89811,188,02914,784,927Assigned190,22211,293,066699,00012,182,288Unassigned22,187,824(173,433)22,014,391Total fund balances27,517,47015,453,15423,872,94466,843,568	Fund balances								
Committed3,596,89811,188,02914,784,927Assigned190,22211,293,066699,00012,182,288Unassigned22,187,824(173,433)22,014,391Total fund balances27,517,47015,453,15423,872,94466,843,568	Nonspendable		135,386	425,346				560,732	
Assigned190,22211,293,066699,00012,182,288Unassigned22,187,824(173,433)22,014,391Total fund balances27,517,47015,453,15423,872,94466,843,568	Restricted		1,407,140	3,734,742		12,159,348		17,301,230	
Unassigned 22,187,824 (173,433) 22,014,391 Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Committed		3,596,898			11,188,029		14,784,927	
Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Assigned		190,222	11,293,066		699,000		12,182,288	
Total fund balances 27,517,470 15,453,154 23,872,944 66,843,568	Unassigned		22,187,824	 		(173,433)		22,014,391	
Total liabilities and fund balances \$ 31,438,813 \$ 16,497,663 \$ 25,712,182 \$ 73,648,658	Total fund balances		27,517,470	 15,453,154		23,872,944		66,843,568	
	Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	31,438,813	\$ 16,497,663	\$	25,712,182	\$	73,648,658	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

September 30, 2012

Total Governmental Funds Balances	\$ 66,843,568
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the	
statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not	
financial resources and therefore are not reported	
in the funds:	
Prior periods' investment in capital assets	241,509,849
Less accumulated depreciation	(99,499,758)
Current period investment in capital assets	5,837,331
Current period depreciation	(8,866,719)
Current period loss on disposal of capital assets	(431,909)
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current	
period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Revenue bonds	(1,291,489)
Notes payable	(4,873,990)
Compensated absences	(7,529,522)
Special assessment notes payable	(6,553,227)
Interest payable	(27,519)
Other post employment benefits liability	(3,868,269)
Current period revenue bond payments	269,992
Current period note payments	3,705,491
Current period change in compensated absences	(99,813)
Current period special assessment note payments	1,655,120
Current period bond refunding costs	(4,465)
Current period debt proceeds	(268,350)
Current period increase in other post employment benefits liability	(1,093,489)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the	
costs of providing insurance coverage to individual funds and	
therefore, the assets and liabilities of the internal service fund	
are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets.	
Assets	6,455,792
Liabilities	 (4,125,914)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 187,742,710

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2012

				Other	Total
		Road and		Governmental	Governmental
	General	Bridge		Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 45,525,877	\$	3,898,644	\$ 1,212,840	\$ 50,637,361
Permits, fees and special assessments	1,214,180		35,544	11,324,468	12,574,192
Intergovernmental	12,929,877		5,774,144	6,266,012	24,970,033
Charges for services	7,869,720		15,326	2,601,981	10,487,027
Fines and forfeits	295,342			187,039	482,381
Miscellaneous	3,331,797		272,165	456,714	4,060,676
Total revenues	71,166,793		9,995,823	22,049,054	103,211,670
Expenditures					
Current					
General government	22,476,691			4,885,753	27,362,444
Public safety	33,299,326			4,618,426	37,917,752
Physical environment	1,433,718		1,715,608	1,673,063	4,822,389
Transportation	859,254		14,438,056	393,035	15,690,345
Economic environment	239,238			2,277,404	2,516,642
Human services	5,315,298			153,482	5,468,780
Culture and recreation	2,670,246			25,000	2,695,246
Capital outlay				1,048,244	1,048,244
Debt service				5,929,483	5,929,483
Total expenditures	66,293,771		16,153,664	21,003,890	103,451,325
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	4,873,022		(6,157,841)	1,045,164	(239,655)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	2,517,398		6,878,623	10,512,457	19,908,478
Transfers out	(7,815,717)			(13,230,667)	(21,046,384)
New debt issuance				268,350	268,350
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,298,319)		6,878,623	(2,449,860)	(869,556)
Net change in fund balances	(425,297)		720,782	(1,404,696)	(1,109,211)
Fund balances, beginning of year	27,977,451		14,858,181	25,277,640	68,113,272
Change in reserve for inventory	(34,684)		(125,809)		(160,493)
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 27,517,470	\$	15,453,154	\$ 23,872,944	\$ 66,843,568

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended September 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (1,109,211)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,	
in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over	
their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period	
these amounts are:	
Current period investment in capital assets	5,837,331
Current period depreciation	(8,866,719)
Current period loss on disposal of capital assets	(431,909)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding loans, whereas	
in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	
Change in interest payable	9,989
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but	
the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Also debt proceeds are an other financing source in the governmental funds,	
but the issuance increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.	
Current period change in compensated absences	(99,813)
Current period note payments	3,705,491
Current period revenue bond payments	269,992
Current period special assessment note payments	1,655,120
Current period bond refunding costs	(21,995)
Current period debt proceeds	(268,350)
Current period increase in other post employment benefits liability	(1,093,489)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the	
costs of providing insurance coverage and therefore, the	
change in net assets of the internal service fund is included	
in governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	2,771,990
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require	
the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as	
expenditures in the funds	(1.00.400)
Change in reserve for inventory	 (160,493)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,197,934

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2012

				Business-ty	Business-type Activities					Governmental																						
		Majo	r Func			on-Major Fund			n-Major Fund			Activitie																				
		5			Peter			Total		Internal																						
		Navarre				Prince Ent		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince		Prince				Enterprise		Service
ASSETS		Beach		Landfill		Field		Field		Funds		Fund																				
Current assets:																																
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,396,406	\$	5,115,081	\$	1,307,756	\$	8,819,243	\$	5,797,706																						
Investments										620,763																						
Accounts receivable		202,800		434,252		10,390		647,442		33,941																						
Interest		614		1,405		180		2,199		1,679																						
Due from other governments						195,412		195,412																								
Total current assets		2,599,820		5,550,738		1,513,738		9,664,296		6,454,089																						
Noncurrent assets																																
Restricted investments				4,061,168				4,061,168																								
Deferred charges				13,903				13,903																								
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		6,930,589		5,498,229		3,349,986		15,778,804																								
Total noncurrent assets		6,930,589		9,573,300		3,349,986		19,853,875		1,703																						
Total assets	\$	9,530,409	\$	15,124,038	\$	4,863,724	\$	29,518,171	\$	6,455,792																						
	<u> </u>	. ,	<u> </u>	-, ,	<u> </u>	,,	<u> </u>			-,,																						
LIABILITIES																																
Current liabilities																																
Accounts payable	\$	43,509	\$	66,709	\$	150,986	\$	261,204	\$	1,109,247																						
Contracts payable	Ŷ		Ψ		Ψ	15,275	Ψ	15,275	Ψ																							
Current portion of claims payable										1,894,787																						
Accrued wages payable		24,760		73,756		1,300		99,816		12,148																						
Due to other governments						1,224		1,224		12,140																						
Compensated absences - current portion		70,000		195,000				265,000		40,000																						
Revenue bonds - current				274,692				205,000		40,000																						
Note payable - current		411,648		274,092																												
		411,048						411,648																								
Accrued interest		10,900		2,740				2,740																								
Deposits		10,900		28,328		600	<i>,</i>																									
Current portion of landfill closure costs				51,972				51,972																								
Total current liabilities		560,817		693,197		169,385		1,423,399		3,056,182																						
Noncurrent liabilities																																
Long term portion of compensated absences		16,504		83,482				99,986		58,456																						
Long term portion of claims payable										990,085																						
Long term portion of landfill closure costs				8,158,673				8,158,673																								
Revenue bonds payable - net of discount				768,800				768,800																								
Note payable - noncurrent		3,912,125						3,912,125																								
OPEB liability		41,532		129,148		1,144		171,824		21,191																						
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,970,161		9,140,103		1,144		13,111,408		1,069,732																						
Total liabilities		4,530,978		9,833,300		170,529		14,534,807		4,125,914																						
NET ASSETS																																
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,606,816		4,454,737		3,349,986		10,411,539		1,703																						
Restricted for landfill closure		2,000,810		4,454,757 4,061,168		3,349,980 																										
								4,061,168																								
Unrestricted		2,392,615		(3,225,167)		1,343,209		510,657		2,328,175																						
Total net assets	¢	4,999,431	¢	5,290,738	¢	4,693,195	¢	14,983,364	¢	2,329,878																						
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	9,530,409	\$	15,124,038	\$	4,863,724	\$	29,518,171	\$	6,455,792																						

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2012

		Business-ty	pe Activities		Governmental				
	Majo	or Funds	Non-Major Fund						
			Peter	Total	Internal				
	Navarre		Prince	Enterprise	Service				
	Beach	Landfill	Field	Funds	Fund				
Operating revenues									
Permits, fees and special assessments	\$	\$ 43,450	\$	\$ 43,450	\$				
Charges for services	1,690,378	4,014,078	231,914	5,936,370	916,150				
Insurance proceeds					1,299,576				
Miscellaneous		110	231	341	40				
Total operating revenues	1,690,378	4,057,638	232,145	5,980,161	2,215,766				
Operating expenses									
Personal services	580,484	1,824,876	30,726	2,436,086	264,636				
Contract services	88,187	281,429	194,357	563,973	135,092				
Supplies	79,307	49,591		128,898	15,821				
Repairs and maintenance	145,395	411,321	12,046	568,762	1,488				
Utilities	311,258	53,010	24,424	388,692					
Depreciation	522,341	598,256	268,759	1,389,356	1,438				
Travel and per diem		11,158		11,158	5,402				
Insurance	8,050	17,480		25,530	77,183				
Communications	10,485	18,938	701	30,124	335				
Advertising		462		462					
Fuel and oil	17,628	341,950		359,578					
Rentals		23,508		23,508					
Landfill closure and maintenance		(1,127,575)		(1,127,575)					
Claims					1,150,686				
State assessment					17,187				
Miscellaneous	2,055	7,365	645	10,065	11,307				
Total operating expenses	1,765,190	2,511,769	531,658	4,808,617	1,680,575				
		·	·						
Operating income (loss)	(74,812)	1,545,869	(299,513)	1,171,544	535,191				
Non-operating revenues (expenses)	9.440	100.059	2.840	110 147	25 400				
Investment income	8,449	100,858	2,840	112,147	25,496				
Interest expense	(25,432)	(21,146)		(46,578)					
Sale of recycled materials		306,836		306,836					
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets		(2,543)		(2,543)					
Aid to private organizations		(60,000)		(60,000)					
Amortization & other bond costs		(25,622)		(25,622)					
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	(16,983)	298,383	2,840	284,240	25,496				
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	(91,795)	1,844,252	(296,673)	1,455,784	560,687				
Transfers in			637,906	637,906	500,000				
Capital contribution	334,033		346,938	680,971	1,711,303				
Change in net assets	242,238	1,844,252	688,171	2,774,661	2,771,990				
Net assets, beginning of year	4,757,193	3,446,486	4,005,024	12,208,703	(442,112)				
Net assets, end of year	\$ 4,999,431								

Santa Rosa County, Florida STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year ended September 30, 2012

	Business-type Activities			Governmental				
		Major F		Non-Major Fun	d	Activities		
				Peter	Total	Int	ernal	
	Nava	rre		Prince	Enterprise		rvice	
	Beac		Landfill	Field	Funds		und	
Cash flows from operating activities								
Cash received from customers	\$ 1,98	5,220 \$	4,070,223	\$ 40,085	\$ 6,095,528	\$	40	
Cash paid to suppliers	(69	6,490)	(1,202,911)	(71,650)	(1,971,051)	((246,628)	
Cash paid to employees	(56	7,950)	(1,798,862)	(30,047)	(2,396,859)	((266,041)	
Cash received from interfund services provided			/	/			,206,479	
Cash paid for internal services provided							,037,627)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	72	0,780	1,068,450	(61,612)	1,727,618	-	(343,777)	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities								
Sale of recycled materials			306,836		306,836			
Transfers in (out)							500,000	
Aid to private organizations			(60,000)		(60,000)			
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities			246,836		246,836		500,000	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities								
Transfers in(out)				637,906	637,906			
Capital contribution	334	4,033		346,938	680,971	1	,711,303	
Purchases of capital assets	(3	1,541)	(515,617)	(262,106)	(809,264)			
Principal paid on capital debt	(39	6,030)	(269,992)		(666,022)			
Interest paid on capital debt	(2:	5,432)	(22,149)		(47,581)			
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(11	8,970)	(807,758)	722,738	(203,990)	1	,711,303	
Cash flows from investing activities								
Interest and dividends		8,058	100,481	2,864	111,403		24,484	
Net sale (purchase) of investments		5,050	(132,200)	2,004	(132,200)		(12,608)	
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		8,058	(31,719)	2,864	(20,797)		11,876	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		9,868	475,809	663,990	1,749,667		,879,402	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,538	4,639,272	643,766	7,069,576		,918,304	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 2,39	5,406 \$	5,115,081	\$ 1,307,756	\$ 8,819,243	\$ 5.	,797,706	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net								
cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$ (74	4,812) \$	1,545,869	\$ (299,513)	\$ 1,171,544	\$	535,191	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net								
cash provided (used) by operating activities								
Depreciation expense	52	2.341	598,256	268,759	1.389.356		1,438	
Landfill closure costs		-,	(1,127,575)		(1,127,575)			
Changes in assets and liabilities:			(1,121,010)		(1,12,070)			
Accounts receivable	29	3,725	6,406	(345)	299,786		(9,247)	
Due to other governments	2).	5,725	0,400	(25)	(25)			
Accounts payable	(2)	4,125)	13,301	145,273	124,449		(474,099)	
Contracts payable	().	+,123)				,		
		1.267		15,275	15,275			
Accrued compensation		1,367	(8,733)	60	(7,306)		1,178	
Compensated absences		534	4,514		5,048		(7,641)	
Due from other governments				(192,015)	(192,015)			
OPEB liability		0,633	30,233	619	41,485		5,058	
Claims payable						((395,655)	
Deposits	-	1,117	6,179	300	7,596			
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 72	0,780 \$	1,068,450	\$ (61,612)	\$ 1,727,618	\$ ((343,777)	
Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Activities:								
Amortized bond refunding costs	\$	\$	3,627	\$	\$ 3,627	\$		
			2,543		2,543			
Disposal of assets			2,545		<i>)</i>			
Amortized deferred charges			21,996		21,996			

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

September 30, 2012

	Agency		
		Funds	
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,413,653	
Accounts receivable		85,613	
Total assets	\$	3,499,266	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	93,035	
Deposits		882,236	
Due to other governments		2,505,030	
Miscellaneous		18,965	
Total liabilities	\$	3,499,266	

GUIDE TO NOTES

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NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied consistently in the preparation of the financial statements follows:

1. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) established standards for defining the financial reporting entity. In developing these standards, the GASB assumed that all governmental organizations are responsible to elected officials at the federal, state, or local level. Financial reporting by a state or local government should report the elected officials' accountability for those organizations. As concluded by the GASB, the financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Santa Rosa County, Florida (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of Florida created pursuant to Article 8, Section 1(e), of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Chapter 7 of the Florida Statutes. It is governed by a five member Board of County Commissioners (the Board) elected from single-member districts. The Board has no powers other than those expressly vested in it by the Florida Statutes and its governmental powers cannot be delegated. The Board appoints an administrator to administer all policies emanating from its statutory powers and authority. In addition to the Board, there are five elected Constitutional Officers, pursuant to Article 8, Section 1(d) of the Constitution of the State of Florida: Clerk of Courts, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Supervisor of Elections.

These financial statements include the operating activities of the Board, Clerk of Courts, Sheriff, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Supervisor of Elections.

Dependent Special Districts

Blackwater Soil & Water Conservation District - The Blackwater Soil & Water Conservation District (Blackwater) was created by the Florida Legislature in 1942 pursuant to Florida Statute Section 582. Santa Rosa County was established as the local governing authority and is Blackwater's only source of funding. Blackwater does not meet the criteria as a legally separate entity in that it cannot buy, sell, own, lease and mortgage property in its own name. The activities of Blackwater are included in these financial statements as a department of the Board within the General Fund.

Pace Property Finance Authority - The Pace Property Finance Authority (Authority) was created in 1990 by County Resolution No. 90-12 pursuant to Chapter 617 of the Florida Statutes. In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 189.403, the Authority qualifies as a dependent special district. Additionally, the Authority is a component unit of the County. However, the Authority meets the criteria for inclusion in more than one reporting entity - Pace Water System as well as the County. In these cases, judgment must be exercised by management of the reporting entities as to which reporting entity the organization should be included. The Authority has the same elected governing body as the Pace Water System. Additionally, both

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

the Authority and Pace Water System own portions of a single water/sewer system; thus, their capital assets are part of an interconnected system. Finally, the Authority's debt was issued solely to finance the Pace water/sewer system improvements. Based on these facts, management has decided to include the Authority in the combined financial statements of Pace Water System rather than as a component unit of the County.

Santa Rosa County Health Facilities Authority - The Santa Rosa County Health Facilities Authority (Authority) was created in 1982 by County Ordinance No. 82-02 pursuant to Section 154, Florida Statutes. In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 189.403, the Authority qualifies as a dependent special district. Additionally, the Authority is a component unit of the Board. The Board appoints the five (5) members of the Authority. Additionally, the Board may abolish the Authority at any time by ordinance or resolution as long as all bonded indebtedness incurred by the Authority has been paid. The Authority exists solely to assist health facilities within the County with the acquisition, construction, financing, and refinancing of projects through issuance of conduit debt. All bonds issued by the Authority were subsequently defeased through issuance of new debt culminating with the issuance of \$58 million in new bonds in 2003. The debt outstanding is a limited obligation of the Authority and not a general obligation of the Authority or the Board. The Authority pursuant to its loan agreement with Gulf Breeze Hospital. The Authority has no financial activity and the bonds issued under the Authority's name are recorded in the books of the hospital.

Santa Rosa County Housing Finance Authority - The Santa Rosa County Housing Finance Authority (Authority) was created in 1984 by County Resolution No. 84-18 pursuant to Chapter 78-89, Laws of Florida codified as Chapter 159, Part IV, Section 159.601 through 159.623. In accordance with Florida Statutes Section 189.403, the Authority qualifies as a dependent special district. Additionally, the Authority is a component unit of Santa Rosa County. The Board, through various resolutions and interlocal agreements with the Escambia County Housing Finance Authority (ECHFA), has authorized ECHFA to allow qualified residents of the County to apply for and obtain preferential mortgages from proceeds generated by bonds issued by ECHFA. Accordingly, there is no financial activity related to the Authority to be reflected in these financial statements.

2. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

The County groups its funds into two broad fund categories as either governmental or proprietary in nature. Governmental funds include the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital project funds. Proprietary funds include enterprise funds and an internal service fund.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

3. Basis of Accounting

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) report information on all the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which primarily rely on fees and charges for support. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Therefore, the governmental fund financial statements include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the governmental fund financial statements.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the County and for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use. In a fund with both restricted and unrestricted assets, qualified expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted net assets then from unrestricted net assets. The government-wide statement of net assets reports \$32,382,802 of restricted net assets, of which \$31,822,070 is restricted by enabling legislation.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund financial statements, as presented herein, focus primarily on the major funds of the governmental and proprietary categories. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

The major governmental funds are:

- General Fund This is the County's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Road and Bridge Fund Accounts for that portion of state fuel taxes and fees designated for road improvement projects.

Revenue Recognition

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are deemed both measurable and available (i.e., collectible within the current year or within one month of year-end and available to pay obligations of the current period – except for certain grant revenues which are recognized as revenues in the same period the grant expenditures occurred). This includes investment earnings, property taxes, special assessments, fines and forfeitures. Certain state-levied locally shared taxes including motor vehicle license tax and fuel taxes are considered derived non-exchange transactions. These types of transactions are subject to income recognition when the underlying transaction occurs. Reimbursements due for federally funded projects are accrued as revenue at the time the expenditures are made, or when received in advance, deferred until expenditures are made.

Other revenues, including licenses and permits, certain charges for services and miscellaneous revenues, are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received.

Expenditure Recognition

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Most expenditures are measurable and are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, principal and interest on governmental long-term debt, which has not matured, are recognized when paid. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

All proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. These funds account for operations that are primarily financed by user charges. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation, are recorded in proprietary funds. Unbilled utility service receivables are recorded at each year-end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of all the County's enterprise funds and internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The major proprietary funds are:

- Navarre Beach Fund Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the water and sewer system of Navarre Beach.
- Landfill Fund Accounts for the operation of the solid waste disposal facilities of the County.

The County's only internal service fund is the Self Insurance Fund. This fund accounts for the risk management activities of the County and the other elected officials. Costs are billed to the departments and other elected officials at the actual and estimated costs of providing insurance coverage. At year-end, uncovered costs are billed to the departments, if necessary. Billings in excess of costs are credited to the departments. The policy of the County is not to eliminate interfund activity, i.e. the estimated insurance costs billed to the departments, in the government-wide statement of activities, so as to better reflect the true operating costs of those departments.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

The County has fifteen agency fiduciary funds. Agency funds are unlike all other types of funds, reporting only assets and liabilities. Therefore agency funds cannot be said to have a measurement focus. They do, however, use the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

4. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Florida Statutes Chapters 129 and 200 govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the County's annual budget. The budget must be balanced, i.e., the estimated revenues plus beginning fund balance brought forward must equal appropriations and be prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Board may, at any time within a fiscal year, amend a budget for that year as follows:

Appropriations for expenditures in any fund may be decreased and other appropriations in the same fund correspondingly increased by motion recorded in the minutes. The budget officer may authorize certain inter-departmental and intra-departmental budget amendments, provided that the total appropriation of the fund is not changed. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.

6. <u>Investments</u>

Investments in U.S. Treasury bills, government backed securities and the Florida Local Government Investment Trust Fund are recorded at fair value. As permitted by GASB Statement No. 31, bank certificates of deposit and short term money market investments are reported at amortized cost rather than fair value.

7. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists of gas, oil, automotive parts, road signs, culverts, and various other items used by the road department and insecticides used by mosquito control operations. Inventory is valued at cost (first in, first out). The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the inventory is purchased.

In the fund level statements, reported inventories are equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance since such amounts will not convert to cash even though they are a component of net current assets.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

8. Accounting for Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of an asset or materially extends an asset's life is not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The County does not capitalize interest expense on borrowings used to finance construction of capital assets, as the capitalizable interest, after netting of interest earnings, is normally insignificant.

Property, plant and equipment of the County is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	20 - 50 years
Water Distribution System	20 years
Improvements	10 - 20 years
Equipment	3 - 10 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Intangibles	3 - 5 years

9. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the policy of the County to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused leave benefits which will be paid to employees upon separation from service. Unpaid compensated absences are recorded as a liability when the benefits are earned in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. The valuation of accrued leave benefits is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. The majority of the compensated absences liability has been paid out of the General (75%) and the Road and Bridge (25%) funds.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

10. Property Taxes

Real and personal property valuations are determined each year as of January 1 by the Property Appraiser's office. Florida Statutes require that all property be assessed at 100 percent of just value.

All property taxes become due and payable on November 1, and are delinquent on April 1 of the following year. Discounts of 4, 3, 2 and 1 percent are allowed for early payment in November through February, respectively. The Tax Collector advertises as required by statute and sells tax certificates for unpaid taxes on real property. Certificates not sold are considered "County Held Certificates." Persons owning land upon which a tax certificate has been sold may redeem the land by paying the face amount of the tax certificate, plus interest and other costs.

Property taxes levied on property valuations as of January 1, 2012 and expected to be collected during the period November 2011 through March 2012 are as follows:

General Fund	\$ 41,837,150
Fine and Forfeiture Fund	\$ 46,040

These taxes, although measurable, are not recognized as revenue at September 30, 2012, since they are not considered to be collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay current period liabilities.

11. Landfill Closure Costs

Under the terms of current state and federal regulations, the County is required to place a final cover on closed landfill areas, and to perform certain monitoring and maintenance functions for a period of up to thirty years after closure. The County recognizes these costs of closure and post-closure maintenance over the active life of each landfill area, based on landfill capacity used during the period.

12. Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

Accounts receivable for the County are reported net of allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents those accounts which are deemed uncollectible based upon past collection history.

13. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of interfund loans.

Restricted - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the County to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the County can be compelled by an external party-such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action (ordinance or resolution) of the County. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the County removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. In contrast to fund balance that is restricted by enabling legislation, committed fund balance classification may be redeployed for other purposes with appropriate due process. Constraints imposed on the use of committed amounts are imposed by the Board, separate from the authorization to raise the underlying revenue; therefore, compliance with these constraints are not considered to be legally enforceable. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board or a County official delegated that authority by County resolution or ordinance.

Unassigned - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The County applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At September 30, 2012, the bank held deposits of \$79,401,717 (before outstanding checks and deposits in transit) consisting of amounts held in checking, savings, money market or time deposit accounts. All deposits with financial institutions were 100% insured by federal depository insurance or by collateral pursuant to the Public Depository Security Act of the State of Florida.

The County's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Pursuant to Florida Statutes Section 218.415, the County adopted an investment policy which outlines the County's investment responsibilities, objectives, and policies. The County's investment policy authorizes the County to invest in the following:

- a. The Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (SBA) (Maximum of 75%)*;
- b. Florida Local Government Investment Trust (FLGIT) (State Investment Trust) (Maximum of 80%)*;
- c. Qualified money market mutual funds (Maximum of 50%)*;
- d. U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds (100% allowed);
- e. Obligations guaranteed by the U.S. Government as to principal and interest such as obligations of the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) (Maximum of 5%)*;
- f. Non-callable Government Agency securities (Maximum of 25%)*:
 - (i) Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB),
 - (ii) Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC),
 - (iii) Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB),
 - (iv) Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA).

This classification of government agency securities does not include any mortgage debt of any government agency;

- g. Time deposits and savings accounts in banks or savings and loan associations doing business in Florida (Maximum of 50%)*;
- h. Repurchase agreements for investments authorized in categories d, e, or f above. (Maximum of 40%)*

*To limit the County's concentration of credit risk these are the maximum percentages of the County's total portfolio that can be in each type of investment.
NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Interest rate risk is limited by no security having a maturity exceeding 2 years. The weighted average to maturity for the portfolio shall be less than 365 days. Investments placed with the FLGIT, which typically invests in instruments with maturities of less than 5 years, are exempt from this limitation.

The FLGIT, also known as Florida Trust, is a local government investment pool created by the Florida Association of Court Clerks and Comptroller, and the Florida Association of Counties for the purpose of providing public entities with an investment program by providing investment vehicles for funds that can be invested in short- to intermediate-term securities and have returns generally greater than the national average for money market instruments. The fair values of the County's positions in the pool are the same as the value of the pool shares. The Florida Trust offers two open-ended, professionally managed funds available only to public entities in Florida.

The Investment Trust:

A short term bond fund with an investment portfolio structured to maintain safety of principal and maximize available yield through a balance of quality and diversification. As of September 30, 2012 the Investment Trust managed \$743,521,406 for 35 local governmental entities. At a price per share of \$23.8526 the Investment Trust has produced a 12-month total return of 2.073% and a market yield of 1.46%. This short term bond fund invests in U.S. Treasuries and Agency Securities, Mortgages, Commercial Paper, Asset-Backed Securities, and "A" rated Corporate Securities.

The Day to Day Fund:

The Florida Trust Day to Day Fund is a money market product created in January 2009 in response to demand to provide a fiscally conservative diversification option for Florida local governments. Fund features include same day transactions and online account management. The fund is AAAm-rated by Standard and Poor's and is governed by the same board and advisory committee that oversees the Investment Trust.

NOTE B - CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Schedule of Cash and Investments at September 30, 2012

	Carrying
	Amount
Investments:	
FLGIT Investment Trust Fund	\$ 10,988,404
Total Investments	10,988,404
Cash:	
Cash in Bank	34,137,505
Day to Day Trust	40,327,650
Petty Cash	1,325
Total Cash	74,466,480
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 85,454,884

Restricted cash and investments typically consist of funds set aside for the payment of debt and funds set aside to ensure assets producing the pledged revenues are repaired and replaced as needed. These assets are restricted since their use is limited by the applicable bond indentures. Other restricted assets consist of funds restricted to the payment of future landfill closure costs.

Restricted investments by category and by fund are as follows:

	Landfill
	Fund
Landfill escrow	\$ 4,061,168

NOTE C – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTAL UNITS

At September 30, 2012, amounts due from other governmental units were as follows:

Federal Government - Grants	\$ 1,497,317
State of Florida - Grants	668,683
State of Florida - Taxes	1,145,967
Local - Taxes	880,208
Other	 586,560
	\$ 4,778,735

NOTE D – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions for the year ended September 30, 2012 were as follows:

	nterfund eceivable	Interfund Payable	Interfund Transfers in	Interfund ansfers out
General fund	\$ 897,116	\$ 11,652	\$ 2,517,398	\$ 7,815,717
Road & Bridge fund	250,000	-	6,878,623	-
Nonmajor Governmental funds	49,252	1,184,716	10,512,457	13,230,667
Nonmajor Business-type fund	-	-	637,906	-
Self Insurance fund	-	-	500,000	-
Total	\$ 1,196,368	\$ 1,196,368	\$ 21,046,384	\$ 21,046,384

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) move unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Interfund balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

-

		Intergov-	
Accounts	Interest	ernmental	Total
\$ 351,330	\$ 3,149	\$ 2,169,139	\$ 2,523,618
290	1,357	866,494	868,141
1,050,755	5,349	1,547,690	2,603,794
33,941	1,679	-	35,620
1,436,316	11,534	4,583,323	6,031,173
202,800	614	-	203,414
434,252	1,405	-	435,657
10,390	180	195,412	205,982
647,442	2,199	195,412	845,053
\$ 2,083,758	\$ 13,733	\$ 4,778,735	\$ 6,876,226
	\$ 351,330 290 1,050,755 33,941 1,436,316 202,800 434,252 10,390 647,442	$\begin{array}{c cccccc} \$ & 351,330 & \$ & 3,149 \\ & 290 & 1,357 \\ 1,050,755 & 5,349 \\ \hline & 33,941 & 1,679 \\ \hline & 1,436,316 & 11,534 \\ \end{array}$	AccountsInteresternmental $\$$ 351,330 $\$$ 3,149 $\$$ 2,169,1392901,357866,4941,050,7555,3491,547,69033,9411,679-1,436,31611,5344,583,323202,800614-434,2521,405-10,390180195,412647,4422,199195,412

NOTE E – RECEIVABLES

NOTE F – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 was as follows (in thousands):.

Governmental activities	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Dele	tions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 21,357	\$ 540	\$	-	\$ 21,897
Construction in progress	5,829	1,378		255	6,952
Total capital assets not being depreciated	27,186	1,918		255	28,849
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	60,234	101		-	60,335
Improvements other than buildings	114,238	1,031		-	115,269
Machinery and equipment	39,864	2,788		774	41,878
Total capital assets being depreciated	214,336	3,920		774	217,482
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	31,553	2,625		-	34,178
Improvements other than buildings	39,472	3,435		-	42,907
Machinery and equipment	28,484	2,833		621	30,696
Total accumulated depreciation	99,509	8,893		621	107,781
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	114,827	(4,973)		153	109,701
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 142,013	\$ (3,055)	\$	408	\$ 138,550
Business like activities	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Dele	tions	Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 1,191	\$-	\$	-	\$ 1,191
Construction in progress	511	251		497	265
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,702	251		497	1,456
Other capital assets:					
Buildings	2,897	-		-	2,897
Improvements other than buildings	24,157	540		205	24,492
Furniture and fixtures		540			
	6,093	516		23	6,586
Total capital assets being depreciated				23 228	<u>6,586</u> 33,975
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for:	6,093	516			
Total capital assets being depreciated Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	6,093	516			
Less accumulated depreciation for:	<u>6,093</u> 33,147	<u>516</u> 1,056			33,975
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings	<u>6,093</u> 33,147 1,394	516 1,056 134		-	33,975 1,528
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings	6,093 33,147 1,394 12,942	516 1,056 134 859		228 - 205	33,975 1,528 13,596
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture and fixtures	6,093 33,147 1,394 12,942 4,151	516 1,056 134 859 397		228 - 205 20	33,975 1,528 13,596 4,528

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Additions to accumulated depreciation do not agree with depreciation expense due to transfers of capital assets between departments or asset classes.

Depreciation expense was charged to funtions as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 2,931,168
Public safety	1,311,967
Physical environment	44,710
Transportation	3,113,000
Economic environment	74,727
Human services	104,053
Culture and recreation	 1,285,656
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 8,865,281
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 522,341
Landfill	598,256
Hanger rental	 268,759
Total business-type activities depreciation expense	\$ 1,389,356

NOTE G- LONG-TERM DEBT

1. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Deferred losses on refunding of bonds totaling \$84,315 are netted against the liability in the proprietary funds. Deferred bond issue costs were \$13,903 at year end.

Special assessment notes are fully secured by annual assessments made against property owners of the specific area that benefited from the proceeds of the notes. The County has no legal obligation to levy ad valorem taxes or cover the notes in case of default by the property owners. The County does, however, maintain a moral commitment to cover the debt payments until such time as the property owners can make the payments.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt for the year.

	Balance October 1, 2011	Additions	Deductions	Balance September 30, 2012	Amount Due within One Year
Governmental activities:	2011		Deddetions		One Tear
Compensated absences	\$ 7,635,618	\$ 3,940,367	\$ 3,848,195	\$ 7,727,790	\$ 3,800,000
Claims payable	⁽⁴⁾ 7,055,010 3,280,527	1,147,696	1,543,351	2,884,872	\$ 3,800,000 1,894,787
Revenue bonds	1,397,799	-	269,992	1,127,807	274,691
Notes payable	4,873,990	_	3,705,491	1,168,499	79,072
Special assessment notes	6,553,227	- 268,350	1,655,120	5,166,457	1,075,908
•					1,075,908
OPEB liability	3,884,402	1,658,376	559,829	4,982,949	
	\$ 27,625,563	\$ 7,014,789	\$ 11,581,978	\$ 23,058,374	\$ 7,124,458
Business-type activities:					
Compensated absences	\$ 359,938	\$ 208,611	\$ 203,563	\$ 364,986	\$ 265,000
Landfill closure costs	9,338,221	-	1,127,576	8,210,645	51,972
Revenue bonds	1,397,799	-	269,992	1,127,807	274,691
Notes payable	4,719,802	-	396,030	4,323,772	411,648
OPEB liability	130,339	62,628	21,143	171,824	-
·	\$ 15,946,099	\$ 271,239	\$ 2,018,304	\$ 14,199,034	\$ 1,003,311

2. Descriptions of Bonds and Notes

Bonds and notes payable at September 30, 2012 are comprised of the following:

General government - notes payable

\$999,380 Third Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2011, payable to bank to refinance the \$1,200,000 Third Cent Tourist Development Tax Refunding Revenue Note, Series 2007 payable for the construction of a tourist information center in Navarre. The note is due in 60 quarterly payments of \$12,445 to \$21,708, plus interest at 3.79%, with final payment due in 2026 secured by Third Cent tourist development tax revenues.

\$935,966

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

172,321
33,333
179,100
162,850
473,763
90,487
207,475

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

\$1,872,038 special assessment note payable to bank to refinance the \$1,582,132 and \$770,000 special assessment notes payable for the acquisition and installation of fire control equipment in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note is due in 32 quarterly payments of \$53,061 to \$64,128 plus interest at 2.44% with final payment due in 2018. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	1,493,016
\$287,870 note payable to bank for the acquisition and construction of improvements for the Bagdad Heritage Trail Project. The note is due in 40 quarterly payments of \$5,888 to 9,370 plus interest at 3.98% with final payment due in 2020, secured by North Santa Rosa tourist development tax revenues.	232,533
\$500,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Bernath Place MSBU. The note is due in 36 quarterly payments of \$11,686 to \$16,363 plus interest at 3.98% with final payment due in 2018. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	352,679
\$600,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Santa Rosa Shores MSBU. The note is due in 40 quarterly payments of \$12,432 to \$17,890 payments plus interest at 3.75% with final payment due in 2019. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	428,970
\$120,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Ski Watch Estates MSBU. The note is due in 36 quarterly payments of \$2,829 to \$3,883 including interest at 3.55% with final payment due in 2017. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	71,403
\$412,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the acquisition and installation fire control equipment in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note is due in 28 quarterly payments of \$13,565 to \$15,891 plus interest at 2.34% with final payment due in 2017. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	315,207
\$700,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the acquisition and installation fire control equipment in the Santa Rosa County Fire Protection MSBU. The note is due in 60 quarterly payments of \$9,134 to \$14,526 plus interest at 3.14% with final payment due in 2025. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	634,184
series to route the matering principal and interest.	0.5 1,104

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

\$395,000 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Longhorn Trail MSBU. The note is due in 24 quarterly payments of \$15,423 to \$17,537 plus interest at 2.24% with final payment due in 2017. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	301,156
\$268,350 special assessment note payable to bank for the construction of certain infrastructure improvements in the Skiwatch Estates MSBU. The note is due in 40 quarterly payments of \$7,625 including interest at 2.56% with final payment due in 2021. Annual assessments will be made against property owners sufficient to retire the maturing principal and interest.	250,513
General government - bonds payable	
\$3,027,579 Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 bonds due in quarterly installments of \$128,435 to \$145,585 plus interest at 1.73% with final payment due in 2016; Bonds are allocated 50% to governmental long-term debt and 50% to Landfill Fund.	1,127,807
Total general government bonds and notes payable	<u>\$ 7,462,763</u>
Proprietary fund type - note payable	
<u>Proprietary fund type - note payable</u> <u>Navarre Beach</u>	
	4,323,773
<u>Navarre Beach</u> \$6,500,000 Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2006 payable to bank for the construction of certain improvements and additions to the Navarre Beach Utility System. The note is due in 15 annual payments of \$335,333 to \$555,568 plus interest at 3.767%, adjusted every 3 years, secured by non-ad	4,323,773
<u>Navarre Beach</u> \$6,500,000 Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2006 payable to bank for the construction of certain improvements and additions to the Navarre Beach Utility System. The note is due in 15 annual payments of \$335,333 to \$555,568 plus interest at 3.767%, adjusted every 3 years, secured by non-ad valorem revenues.	4,323,773
Navarre Beach \$6,500,000 Utility System Revenue Note, Series 2006 payable to bank for the construction of certain improvements and additions to the Navarre Beach Utility System. The note is due in 15 annual payments of \$335,333 to \$555,568 plus interest at 3.767%, adjusted every 3 years, secured by non-ad valorem revenues. Proprietary fund type - bonds payable Landfill \$3,027,579 Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 bonds due in quarterly installments of \$128,435 to \$145,585 plus interest at 1.73% with final payment due in 2016; Bonds are allocated 50% to	
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NOTE G - LONG-TERM DEBT - Continued

3. Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to amortize all bonds and notes outstanding at September 30, 2012 are as follows:

Year ended				
September 30,	Principal	_	Interest	Total
2013	\$ 1,415,237	\$	207,385	\$ 1,622,622
2014	1,258,633		172,084	1,430,717
2015	1,193,047		133,856	1,326,903
2016	1,059,316		100,243	1,159,559
2017	700,352		74,667	775,019
2018-2022	1,350,012		168,486	1,518,498
2023-2027	 486,166		33,713	 519,879
	\$ 7,462,763	\$	890,434	\$ 8,353,197

Governmental activities:

Business-type activities:

Year ended			
September 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2013	\$ 686,340	\$ 175,037	\$ 861,377
2014	706,845	154,232	861,077
2015	728,034	133,050	861,084
2016	749,621	110,518	860,139
2017	478,220	89,459	567,679
2018-2022	 2,102,520	 164,587	 2,267,107
	\$ 5,451,580	\$ 826,883	\$ 6,278,463

4. Defeased Debt Outstanding

In prior years the County defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in irrevocable trusts to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. At September 30, 2012, \$4.1 million of bonds are considered defeased.

NOTE H - CONDUIT DEBT OBLIGATIONS

The County has issued certain limited-obligation debt instruments, including: 1) industrial development revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest; and 2) certain municipal service benefit unit revenue notes to finance the acquisition, construction, reconstruction and equipping of capital improvements within the municipal service benefit unit. The debt instruments are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Neither the Board, the State nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the debt instruments. Accordingly, the debt instruments are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Debt issues related to conduit financings outstanding at September 30, 2012 are as follows:

_	Date Issued	Final Maturity	Amount Issued	Outstanding 9/30/2012
Baptist Hospital, 2003	8/21/2003	10/1/2021	\$ 57,905,000	\$ 57,905,000
Holley Navarre Water System, 2004	6/2/2004	5/1/2024	4,145,000	2,800,000
Pace Volunteer Fire Department	4/16/2007	3/8/2017	1,169,000	678,773
Navarre Beach Volunteer Fire Department	4/25/2007	4/25/2017	300,000	158,458
			\$ 63,519,000	\$ 61,542,231

NOTE I - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS

State and federal laws and regulations require the Board to place a final cover on its landfill sites when the landfill stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs are paid only near or after the date that a landfill stops accepting waste, the Board reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as an operating expense in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The \$8.2 million reported as landfill closure and postclosure care liability (current and noncurrent) at September 30, 2012, represents the cumulative amount reported to date based on the following percentage usage of the estimated capacity of each of the Board's landfills:

Central Class I Landfill	74%
Central Class III Landfill	30%
Central Class III Landfill	Closed 10/98
Holley Landfill	Closed 06/94

The estimated cost of postclosure care for the Central Class III and Holley landfills have been recognized in prior years with any changes in estimates being recorded in the current year. The Board will recognize the remaining estimated cost of closure and postclosure care for the Central Class I and Class III landfills in the amount of \$6.5 million as its remaining estimated capacity is filled. These amounts are based on what it would cost to perform all closure and postclosure care in 2012.

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE I - LANDFILL CLOSURE AND POSTCLOSURE CARE COSTS - Continued

The estimated remaining lives of the Central Class I and Class III landfills are 22 and 35 years, respectively. Cost of closure and life estimates are based on the areas currently in use, and not on potential areas of expansion. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The Board is required by state and federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to a trust to finance closure and postclosure care. At September 30, 2012, the Board held investments of \$4,061,168 to cover the escrow requirement of \$4,061,168. These investments are reported as restricted assets in these financial statements. The Board expects that future inflation costs will be paid from interest earnings on these restricted investments and from charges to future landfill users or future tax revenue.

The current year decrease in liability is a result of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection reducing the post closing long term care period and a waiver of certain monitoring and testing requirements during the re-permitting process.

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

1. <u>Retirement Plan</u>

<u>**Participation</u>** - Employees of the County participate in the Florida Retirement System, a cost-sharing multipleemployer retirement system, established by Chapter 121, Florida Statutes. Participation is compulsory for fulltime and part-time employees working in regularly established positions. Elected officials may elect not to participate in the system. Eligible employees may elect to participate in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP), deferring receipt of retirement benefits while continuing employment with a Florida Retirement System employer.</u>

Benefit Provisions – The Florida retirement system offers two retirement plans – the FRS Pension Plan and the FRS Investment Plan. An employee may participate in only one of the plans. Both plans, effective July 1, 2011, are funded monthly by a combination of employer and employee contributions.

The FRS Pension Plan is a defined benefit plan which provides retirement and disability benefits, annual costof-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Normal retirement benefits are available to employees who retire at age 62 with 6 or more years of service, or to those employees who have at least 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age. Retirement age and years of service requirements may vary depending on membership class. Early retirement is available after 6 years of service with a 5% reduction of benefits for each year prior to the normal retirement age. Retirement benefits are based upon age, average compensation, and years-of-service credit where average compensation is computed as the average of an individual's five (if enrolled prior to July 1, 2011) or eight (if enrolled on or after July 1, 2011) highest years of earnings.

The FRS Investment Plan is a defined contribution plan in which participants are vested after one year of service. The employer makes contributions each month based on a percentage of the employee's gross salary and membership class. The contribution percentage is the same whether participating in the Pension Plan or Investment Plan. Members in the Investment Plan decide how their funds are allocated between various investment accounts and the funds are portable upon termination if the participant is vested. Members in the investment plan are not eligible for participation in the Deferred Retirement Option Program (DROP).

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES - Continued

For DROP participants, the deferred monthly benefit plus interest compounded monthly, accrues for the specified period of the DROP participation. Upon retirement, the participant receives the total accumulated DROP benefits and begins to receive current benefits at the previously determined rate.

<u>Contributions</u> - Chapter 121 requires the employer to pay all contributions (employee noncontributory) based upon state-wide rates established by the State of Florida. During 2012, the County contributed an average of 7.98% of each qualified regular employee's gross salary, 13.91% percent of the elected officials' salary, 17.3% of each special risk employee's salary, and 4.68% for each DROP participant. The County's contributions to the Pension Plan, funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, were equal to the actuarially determined contribution requirements for the year. The County's contributions to the Investment Plan were equal to the legislatively mandated contribution rates, which are equal to a percentage of the members' gross monthly salary based on membership class. Contributions to both plans totaled \$2,956,762, \$4,726,953 and \$5,313,291 for the years ended September 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

<u>Financial Report of the Plan</u> - The Florida Retirement System issues a stand-alone financial report. A copy can be obtained by contacting the State of Florida, Division of Retirement, Tallahassee, Florida.

2. Litigation

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the County's attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

3. Federal and State Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by grantors cannot be determined at this time although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE K - FUND BALANCES

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented on the following page.

NOTE K – FUND BALANCES - Continued

	Major	Funds			
Fund balances	General Fund	Road and Bridge Fund	Other Funds	Tatal	
Nonspendable	Tullu	Fulla	Fullus	Total	
Inventory	\$ 125,386	\$ 175,346	\$ -	\$ 300,732	
Advance to other fund	⁵ 125,380 10,000	\$ 175,540 250,000	ф -	\$ 300,732 260,000	
Restricted for:	10,000	250,000	-	200,000	
	1 016 995			1.016.99	
Communications	1,016,885	-	-	1,016,88	
Boating improvement	237,416	63,371	-	300,78	
Domestic violence	114,935	-	-	114,93	
Voter education	17,532	-	-	17,53	
Pollworker recruitment	1,887	-	-	1,88	
Federal elections	12,328	-	-	12,32	
Partners for pets	6,157	-	-	6,15	
Navarre Beach Bridge maintenance	-	3,671,371	-	3,671,37	
Law Enforcement Trust Fund	-	-	64,961	64,96	
Crime prevention	-	-	277,554	277,55	
Mosquito control	-	-	38,218	38,21	
Federal and state grants	-	-	622,300	622,30	
Enhanced 911 system	-	-	1,347,106	1,347,10	
Tourist development	-	-	2,434,477	2,434,47	
Infrastructure development	-	-	3,475,704	3,475,70	
State Housing Improvement Program	-	-	302,283	302,28	
Fire prevention and control	-	-	897,200	897,20	
Road and sewer construction	-	-	705,331	705,33	
Canal maintance	-	-	115,783	115,78	
Street lighting	_	_	69,392	69,39	
State court operations	_	_	50,822	50,82	
Court equipment and technology	-	_	797,496	797,49	
Records modernization trust fund	-	-	202,510	202,51	
Law enforcement training	-	-	27,525	202,51	
	-	-			
Inmate welfare purchases	-	-	730,686	730,68	
Committed to:	45 001			45.00	
Animal service education	45,231	-	-	45,23	
Court innovations	-	-	218,853	218,85	
Transportation, recreation					
and economic development	-	-	3,098,133	3,098,13	
Gas and oil preservation	3,551,667	-	-	3,551,66	
Capital construction projects	-	-	7,871,043	7,871,04	
Assigned to					
Road and bridge construction					
and maintenance	-	11,293,066		11,293,06	
Debt service	-	-	371,349	371,34	
Law library	-	-	29,556	29,55	
Court operations	-	-	298,095	298,09	
Gas and oil preservation	190,222	-	-	190,22	
Unassigned	22,187,824	-	(173,433)	22,014,39	
C C	\$ 27,517,470	\$ 15,453,154	\$ 23,872,944	\$ 66,843,56	

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In 1986 the County established a Self-Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program the County is self-insured with respect to the following exposures:

Workers Compensation Auto Physical Damage Auto Liability Construction and Road Equipment Portable Communication Equipment

The County is covered by outside insurance for the following exposures:

Boats Employee Fidelity Buildings and Contents, \$5,000 deductible General Liability, \$25,000 deductible Public Officials' Liability, \$25,000 deductible

Conventional insurance remains in effect for buildings, contents and Sheriff's general, automobile and professional liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Board of County Commissioners and other County elected officials participate in the program and make payments to the Self Insurance Fund based on historical estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims and to establish a reserve for catastrophic losses. The claims liability of \$2,884,872 is based on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information prior to the issuance of the financial statements indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated.

Liabilities for incurred losses to be settled by fixed or reasonably determined payments over a long period of time are reported at their present value using an expected future investment yield assumption of 3.9 - 7 percent. These liabilities are reported at their present value of \$1,075,081 at September 30, 2012.

Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount in fiscal years 2011 and 2012 were as follows:

			Cu	rrent-Year					
	Be	ginning-of-	C	laims and			E	Balance at	
	Fi	iscal-Year			Claim		Fiscal		
	_	Liability	I	Estimates		Payments		Year-End	
2010-2011	\$	2,791,848	\$	3,328,724	\$	2,840,045	\$	3,280,527	
2011-2012	\$	3,280,527	\$	1,147,696	\$	1,543,351	\$	2,884,872	

NOTE L - RISK MANAGEMENT - Continued

The following table presents a summary of the claims payable liability at year end:

Current claims payable	\$ 1,809,791
Current claims - structured settlements	84,996
Total claims payable, current	1,894,787
Long-term claims - structured settlements	990,085
Total claims payable	\$ 2,884,872

The County is a member of the Florida Association of Counties Trust, a pooled liability program providing general liability coverage and public officials' liability coverage, excluding the Sheriff. The County pays an annual premium as a participant of the pooled liability program. During 1994, the first year of participation, the County paid an extraordinary loss fund payment of \$249,886. The liability coverage is not designed to be assessable; however, should the pool fail to meet its obligations, the County may be required to contribute additional funds or cover its own obligations. No accrual for future assessments has been recorded in the financial statements as such assessments do not appear probable based on past experience of the pool, and experience of the pool subsequent to the County's fiscal year end through the date of these financial statements. In the event the County elected to terminate its participation in the pool, the extraordinary loss fund payment would be refunded to the County, given adequate funding of the pool.

NOTE M – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

The County implemented, in 2009, GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, for certain postemployment health care benefits provided by the County.

<u>Plan Description</u> – Pursuant to the provisions of Section 112.0801, Florida Statutes, former employees who retire from the County and eligible dependents, may continue to participate in the County's purchased health and hospitalization insurance coverage (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer plan. The County subsidizes the premium rates paid by the retirees by allowing them to participate in the plan at reduced or blended group (implicitly subsidized) premium rates for both active and retired employees. These rates provide an implicit subsidy for retirees because, on an actuarial basis, their current and future claims are expected to result in higher costs to the plan on average than those of active employees. The County also provides an insurance subsidy for employees with at least 10 years (8 years elected) creditable service. The subsidy pays \$3 per year of service limited to the individual's premium payment up to a maximum of \$90 per year. No stand-alone financial report is issued.

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

September 30, 2012

NOTE M – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS – Continued

Funding Policy – The County has not advance-funded or established a funding methodology for the annual Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) costs or the net OPEB obligation. For the 2012 fiscal year, 185 retirees and eligible dependents received postemployment health care benefits. The County provided required contributions of \$332,971 toward the annual OPEB cost, comprised of benefit payments made on behalf of retirees insurance net of retiree contributions totaling \$480,146. Required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing which differ from the Annual Required Contribution.

<u>Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation</u> – The following table shows the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

Description	Heal	Ith Insurance
Normal Cost (service cost for one year)	\$	828,000
Amortization of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		731,000
Annual Required Contribution		1,559,000
Amortization of Net OPEB Obligation		(248,000)
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation		162,000
Annual OPEB Cost (expense)		1,473,000
Contribution towards the OPEB Cost		(332,971)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		1,140,029
Net OPEB Obligation, Beginning of Year		4,014,744
Net OPEB Obligation, End of Year	\$	5,154,773

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation as of September 30, 2012, was as follows:

			Percentage of	
			Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
Fiscal Year	An	nual OPEB	Cost Contributed	 Obligation
2009-2010	\$	1,892,000	22%	\$ 2,946,429
2010-2011	\$	1,393,000	23%	\$ 4,014,744
2011-2012	\$	1,473,000	23%	\$ 5,154,773

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of September 30, 2012, the date of the actuarial valuation, the actuarial accrued liability was \$11,945,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$0, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability of \$11,945,000. Amortization of the accrued liability for the year ended September 30, 2012 was \$731,000. The annual covered payroll (annual payroll of active participating employees) was \$44,541,475 for the 2011-2012 fiscal year. The ratio of the unfunded actuarial liability to annual covered payroll is 27%.

NOTE M – POST EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS – Continued

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u> – Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment and termination, mortality, and the healthcare cost trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan provisions, as understood by the employer and participating members, and include the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and participating members. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The County's OPEB actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2012, used the projected unit credit actuarial cost method to estimate both the unfunded actuarial liability as of September 30, 2012 and to estimate the County's 2011-2012 fiscal year annual required contribution. This method was selected because it produced the best estimate of the OPEB liability and annual cost. Because the OPEB liability is currently unfunded, the actuarial assumptions include a 4% rate of return on invested assets assuming the benefits will continue to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and that the County's investments will earn 4% over the long term. The actuarial assumptions also include an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5% initially for the 09-10 fiscal year, decreasing gradually per year to an ultimate rate of 5.4% in 2050. The inflation rate assumption is 2.9%. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized using the level dollar method. The remaining, closed, amortization period at September 30, 2012 is 27 years.

The required schedule of funding progress, immediately following the notes, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Santa Rosa County, Florida

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Year ended September 30, 2012

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	
Revenues	_				
Taxes	\$	44,127,430	\$ 44,127,430	\$	45,525,877
Permits, fees and special assessments		1,002,250	1,002,250		1,214,180
Intergovernmental		9,509,250	11,414,847		12,929,877
Charges for services		7,728,156	7,726,676		7,869,720
Fines and forfeits		228,480	268,244		295,342
Miscellaneous		1,564,935	 3,158,665		3,331,797
Total revenues		64,160,501	67,698,112		71,166,793
Expenditures					
Current					
General government		21,407,185	24,632,906		22,476,691
Public safety		33,669,219	34,354,429		33,299,326
Physical environment		1,205,905	1,519,404		1,433,718
Transportation		882,900	882,900		859,254
Economic environment		135,630	263,046		239,238
Human services		3,927,505	5,571,821		5,315,298
Culture and recreation		2,700,025	2,960,209		2,670,246
Reserve for contingencies		88,844	 25,130		
Total expenditures		64,017,213	 70,209,845		66,293,771
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		143,288	(2,511,733)		4,873,022
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		1,543,998	2,517,398		2,517,398
Transfers out		(1,455,388)	 (7,815,717)		(7,815,717)
Total other financing sources (uses)	. <u> </u>	88,610	 (5,298,319)		(5,298,319)
Net change in fund balances		231,898	(7,810,052)		(425,297)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,169,503	10,146,912		27,977,451
Change in reserve for inventory			 		(34,684)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,401,401	\$ 2,336,860	\$	27,517,470

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Santa Rosa County, Florida

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

Year ended September 30, 2012

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual
Revenues			
Taxes	\$ 3,457,580	\$ 3,457,580	\$ 3,898,644
Permits, fees and special assessments			35,544
Intergovernmental	3,111,250	8,589,689	5,774,144
Charges for services			15,326
Miscellaneous	 47,500	 47,500	 272,165
Total revenues	6,616,330	12,094,769	9,995,823
Expenditures			
Current			
Physical environment		2,600,104	1,715,608
Transportation	9,727,260	23,760,379	14,438,056
Reserve for contingencies	 36,300	 153,632	
Total expenditures	 9,763,560	 26,514,115	 16,153,664
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures	(3,147,230)	(14,419,346)	(6,157,841)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	3,147,230	 6,878,623	 6,878,623
Total other financing sources (uses)	 3,147,230	 6,878,623	 6,878,623
Net change in fund balances		(7,540,723)	720,782
Fund balance, beginning of year		7,540,723	14,858,181
Change in reserve for inventory	 	 	 (125,809)
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 15,453,154

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Santa Rosa County, Florida

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Year ended September 30, 2012

	Actuarial Valuation Date							
Schedule of Funding Progress		9/30/10		9/30/11		9/30/12		
1. Current retirees liability	\$	11,455,000	\$	8,561,000	\$	9,289,000		
2. Active employees		2,479,000		2,448,000		2,656,000		
3. Actuarial Accrued Liability		13,934,000		11,009,000		11,945,000		
4. Actuarial Value of Assets								
5. Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability		13,934,000		11,009,000		11,945,000		
6. Funded Ratio (4. divided by 3.)		0%		0%		0%		
7. Annual Covered Payroll	\$	43,761,421	\$	44,085,422	\$	44,541,475		
8. Ratio of Unfunded Actuarial Accrued								
Liability to Covered Payroll		32%		25%		27%		
		I	Fiscal	l Year Ended				
Schedule of Employer Contributions		9/30/10		9/30/11		9/30/12		
Annual OPEB Cost	\$	1,892,000	\$	1,393,000	\$	1,473,000		
Actual Contribution		416,853		324,685		332,971		
Percentage Contributed		22%		23%		23%		
Net OPEB Obligation	\$	2,946,429	\$	4,014,744	\$	5,154,773		
	_							

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Santa Rosa County, Florida NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

September 30, 2012

BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Florida Statutes Chapters 129 and 200 govern the preparation, adoption, and administration of the County's annual budget. The budget must be balanced, i.e., the estimated revenues plus beginning fund balance brought forward must equal appropriations and be prepared on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Board may, at any time within a fiscal year, amend a budget for that year as follows:

Appropriations for expenditures in any fund may be decreased and other appropriations in the same fund correspondingly increased by motion recorded in the minutes. The budget officer may authorize certain inter-departmental and intra-departmental budget amendments, provided that the total appropriation of the fund is not changed. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Santa Rosa County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for determining our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing opinion on the effectiveness of Santa Rosa County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Santa Rosa County, Florida's internal control over financial reporting. Internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Santa Rosa County, Florida's basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

As required by provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, we have issued a separate management letter dated March 26, 2013, which should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management and the State of Florida Office of Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Wannen averette LLC

March 26, 2013 Pensacola, Florida



MANAGEMENT LETTER

Honorable Board of County Commissioners Santa Rosa County, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santa Rosa County, Florida, as of and for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated March 26, 2013.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. We have also issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*; Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that Could have a Direct and Material Effect on each Major Federal Program and State Project and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General; and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule which are dated March 26, 2013, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General, which govern the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida and require that certain items be addressed in this letter. Items under Chapter 10.554 (1) (i) 1-5, Rules of the Auditor General, are addressed in the separately issued management letters of the Board of County Commissioners, Sheriff, Clerk, Tax Collector, Property Appraiser and Supervisor of Elections. For the County as a whole, items under the Rules of the Auditor General Chapter 10.554 (1) (i) 7 are addressed as follows:

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local government entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that Santa Rosa County, Florida did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.b., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for Santa Rosa County, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, required to be filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. We are unable to make this determination since the report required by Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, was not available to us at the release date of this management letter.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)7.c. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor Santa Rosa County, Florida's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America requires us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management and the State of Florida Office of Auditor General and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Warren averett, LLC

March 26, 2013 Pensacola, Florida

Annual Audit Report County-Wide Santa Rosa County, Florida MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSE TO MANAGEMENT LETTER September 30, 2012

There were no comments which require management's written response.